

$$\hat{x} = M + h \frac{d_p}{d_p + d_n} \quad \tilde{x} = E + h \cdot \frac{\frac{n}{2} - N_{i-1}}{n_i} \quad \gamma_3 = \frac{C_3}{s^3} = \frac{C_3}{\sqrt{C_2^3}} \quad \gamma_4 = \frac{C_4}{s^4} - 3 = \frac{C_4}{C_2^2} - 3$$

$$C_r = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (z_i - \bar{x})^r \quad \text{pre } n < 50 \quad C_r = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^k (z_i - \bar{x})^r n_i \quad \text{pre } n \geq 50$$

$$P_n(x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

$$P(x) = e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^x}{x!}$$

$$f(t, \lambda) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda t}, & t \geq 0 \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$E(X) = np$$

$$E(X) = \lambda$$

$$E(T) = 1/\lambda$$

$$D(X) = np(1-p)$$

$$D(X) = \lambda$$

$$D(T) = 1/\lambda^2$$

$$\mu_{D2} = \bar{x} - u_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \quad \mu_{H2} = \bar{x} + u_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\mu_{D1} = \bar{x} - u_{1-\alpha} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\mu_{H1} = \bar{x} + u_{1-\alpha} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\mu_{D2} = \bar{x} - t_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \quad \mu_{H2} = \bar{x} + t_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\mu_{D1} = \bar{x} - t_{1-\alpha, n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\mu_{H1} = \bar{x} + t_{1-\alpha, n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sigma^2_{D2} = \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi^2_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-1}}$$

$$\sigma^2_{H2} = \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi^2_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-1}}$$

$$\sigma^2_{D1} = \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi^2_{1-\alpha, n-1}}$$

$$\sigma^2_{H1} = \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi^2_{\alpha, n-1}}$$

$$\pi_{D2} = p - u_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \quad \pi_{H2} = p + u_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}, \quad \pi_{D1} = p - u_{1-\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}, \quad \pi_{H1} = p + u_{1-\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

Hypotézy	Rozptyl	Testovacia charakteristika	Kritický obor
$H_0 \quad \mu = \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu \neq \mu_0$	známý	$z_0 = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$	$ z_0  > u_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}}$
$H_0 \quad \mu \leq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu > \mu_0$			$z_0 > u_\gamma$
$H_0 \quad \mu \geq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu < \mu_0$			$z_0 < -u_\gamma$
$H_0 \quad \mu = \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu \neq \mu_0$	neznámý	$t_0 = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{s / \sqrt{n}}$	$ t_0  > t_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n-1}$
$H_0 \quad \mu \leq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu > \mu_0$			$t_0 > t_{\gamma, n-1}$
$H_0 \quad \mu \geq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu < \mu_0$			$t_0 < -t_{\gamma, n-1}$

Hypotézy	Rozptyl	Testovacia charakteristika	Kritický obor
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 = \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq \mu_0$	známy	$z_0 = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - \mu_0}{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2/n_1 + \sigma_2^2/n_2}}$	$ z_0  > u_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}}$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \leq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 > \mu_0$			$z_0 > u_\gamma$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \geq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 < \mu_0$			$z_0 < -u_\gamma$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 = \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq \mu_0$	neznámy $\sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$	$t_0 = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - \mu_0}{s_p \cdot \sqrt{(1/n_1) + (1/n_2)}}$	$ t_0  > t_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n_1+n_2-2}$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \leq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 > \mu_0$			$t_0 > t_{\gamma, n_1+n_2-2}$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \geq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 < \mu_0$			$t_0 < -t_{\gamma, n_1+n_2-2}$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 = \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq \mu_0$	neznámy $\sigma_1^2 \neq \sigma_2^2$	$t_0 = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - \mu_0}{\sqrt{s_1^2/n_1 + s_2^2/n_2}}$	$ t_0  > t_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, \nu}$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \leq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 > \mu_0$			$t_0 > t_{\gamma, \nu}$
$H_0 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 \geq \mu_0$ $H_1 \quad \mu_1 - \mu_2 < \mu_0$			$t_0 < -t_{\gamma, \nu}$
		kde $s_p^2 = \frac{(n_1-1)s_1^2 + (n_2-1)s_2^2}{n_1+n_2-2}$	kde $\nu = \frac{(s_1^2/n_1 + s_2^2/n_2)^2}{\frac{(s_1^2/n_1)^2}{n_1-1} + \frac{(s_2^2/n_2)^2}{n_2-1}}$

Hypotézy	Testovacia charakteristika	Kritický obor
$H_0 \quad \sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$	$\chi_0^2 = \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\sigma_0^2}$	$\chi_0^2 > \chi_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n-1}^2$
$H_0 \quad \sigma^2 \leq \sigma_0^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma^2 > \sigma_0^2$		$\chi_0^2 < \chi_{1-\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n-1}^2$
$H_0 \quad \sigma^2 \leq \sigma_0^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma^2 > \sigma_0^2$		$\chi_0^2 > \chi_{\gamma, n-1}^2$
$H_0 \quad \sigma^2 \geq \sigma_0^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma^2 < \sigma_0^2$		$\chi_0^2 < \chi_{1-\gamma, n-1}^2$

Hypotézy	Testovacia charakteristika	Kritický obor
$H_0 \quad \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma_1^2 \neq \sigma_2^2$	$F_0 = \frac{s_1^2}{s_2^2} *$	$F_0 > F_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n_1-1, n_2-1}$
$H_0 \quad \sigma_1^2 \leq \sigma_2^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma_1^2 > \sigma_2^2$		$F_0 < F_{1-\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n_1-1, n_2-1}$
$H_0 \quad \sigma_1^2 \leq \sigma_2^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma_1^2 > \sigma_2^2$		$F_0 > F_{\gamma, n_1-1, n_2-1}$
$H_0 \quad \sigma_1^2 \geq \sigma_2^2$ $H_1 \quad \sigma_1^2 < \sigma_2^2$		$F_0 < F_{1-\gamma, n_1-1, n_2-1}$

\* Indexy 1 a 2 volíme tak, aby platilo:  $\frac{s_1^2}{s_2^2} > 1$ .

Hypotézy	Testovacia charakteristika	Kritický obor
$H_0 \quad p = p_0$ $H_1 \quad p \neq p_0$	$z_0 = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{p_0(1-p_0)/n}}$	$ z_0  > u_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}}$
$H_0 \quad p \leq p_0$ $H_1 \quad p > p_0$		$z_0 > u_\gamma$
$H_0 \quad p \geq p_0$ $H_1 \quad p < p_0$		$z_0 < -u_\gamma$

Hypotézy	Testovacia charakteristika	Kritický obor
$H_0 \quad p_1 - p_2 = p_0$ $H_1 \quad p_1 - p_2 \neq p_0$	$z_0 = \frac{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2}{\sqrt{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})(1/n_1 + 1/n_2)}}$	$ z_0  > u_{\frac{1+\gamma}{2}}$
$H_0 \quad p_1 - p_2 \leq p_0$ $H_1 \quad p_1 - p_2 > p_0$		$z_0 > u_\gamma$
$H_0 \quad p_1 - p_2 \geq p_0$ $H_1 \quad p_1 - p_2 < p_0$		$z_0 < -u_\gamma$
kde		
$\hat{p} = \frac{n_1 \hat{p}_1 + n_2 \hat{p}_2}{n_1 + n_2}$		
je združený odhad podielu nezhodných prvkov súboru.		

Pearsonov test:

$$P = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(np_i - n_i)^2}{np_i} = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{n_i^2}{np_i} - n \quad \text{W: } P > \chi^2(k-1-r) \quad p_i = F(t_i) - F(t_{i-1})$$

Cochranovo pravidlo:

$$np_i \geq 5, \quad np_i \geq 4 \text{ pre } k-1-r \geq 3, \quad np_i \geq 1 \text{ pre } k-1-r \geq 6 \quad t_0 = \inf \{ x; F(x) > 0 \}$$

$$t_k = \sup \{ x; F(x) < 1 \}$$

Kolmogorovov test:

$$D_1 = \max \left\{ \max_{1 \leq i \leq l} \Delta_i, \max_{1 \leq i \leq l} \Delta'_i \right\} \quad \text{W: } D_1 > D_\alpha(n) \quad \Delta_i = |F(x_{(N_i)}) - F_n(x_{(N_i)})|$$

$$\Delta'_i = |F(x_{(N_i)}) - F_n(x_{(N_{i-1})})|$$

Kolmogorov-Smirnovov test:

$$1) \quad n_1, n_2 \geq 50 \quad D_2 = \max_{x \in R} |F_{n_1}(x) - G_{n_2}(x)| \quad \text{W: } D_2 \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt{n_o}} \cdot \lambda_\alpha \quad \text{kde } n_o = \frac{n_1 \cdot n_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

$$2) \quad n_1, n_2 < 50 \quad \text{a) } n_1 = n_2 = n \quad d = n \cdot \max_{x \in R} |F_n(x) - G_n(x)| \quad \text{W: } d \geq d_\alpha(n)$$

$$\text{b) } n_1 \neq n_2 \quad \Delta = n_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot \max_{x \in R} |F_{n_1}(x) - G_{n_2}(x)| \quad \text{W: } \Delta \geq \Delta_\alpha(n_1, n_2)$$

Test normality pomocou momentových charakteristik:

$$1) \text{ pomocou } \gamma_3 : \quad D_3 = \sqrt{\frac{6(n-2)}{(n+1)(n+3)}} \quad \text{W: } |\gamma_3| > \frac{u_{1+\gamma}}{2} D_3$$

$$2) \text{ pomocou } \gamma_4 : \quad D_4 = \sqrt{\frac{24n(n-2)(n-3)}{(n+1)^2(n+3)(n+5)}} \quad \text{W: } \left| \gamma_4 + \frac{6}{n+1} \right| > \frac{u_{1+\gamma}}{2} D_4$$

$$\text{Grubbsov test:} \quad T(n) = \frac{x_{(n)} - \bar{x}}{s} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{n}{n-1}} \quad T(1) = \frac{\bar{x} - x_1}{s} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{n}{n-1}}$$

$$\text{W: } T(n) > T_\alpha(n) \quad \text{W: } T(1) > T_\alpha(n)$$

$$\text{Dixonov test:} \quad Q(n) = \frac{x_{(n)} - x_{(n-1)}}{x_{(n)} - x_{(1)}} \quad Q(1) = \frac{x_{(2)} - x_{(1)}}{x_{(n)} - x_{(1)}}$$

$$\text{W: } Q(n) > Q_\alpha(n) \quad \text{W: } Q(1) > Q_\alpha(n)$$

Regresná priamka:

$$Y = b_0 + b_1 X \quad b_1 \equiv b_{yx} = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x^2} = \frac{\overline{xy} - \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}}{x^2 - \bar{x}^2} \quad b_0 = \bar{y} - b_1 \bar{x}$$

Korelačný koeficient:

$$r_{xy} = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x s_y} = \frac{\overline{xy} - \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}}{\sqrt{(x^2 - \bar{x}^2)(y^2 - \bar{y}^2)}} \quad r_{xy}^2 = \frac{s_{xy}^2}{s_x^2 s_y^2} = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x^2} \cdot \frac{s_{xy}}{s_y^2} = b_{yx} \cdot b_{yx}$$

Kontingenčné koeficienty:

$$C_{Cr} = \sqrt{\frac{G}{n \cdot h}}, \quad h = \text{minimum}(r-1, s-1) \quad C_P = \sqrt{\frac{G}{G+n}} \quad G = \sum_{i=1}^r \sum_{j=1}^s \frac{(n_{ij} - \psi_{ij})^2}{\psi_{ij}}$$